



# SCHEME & SYLLABUS OF UNDERGRADUATE DEGREE COURSE

# **Electrical Engineering**

**V** Semester



Effective for the students admitted in year 2021-22 and onwards.





# **Teaching and Examination Scheme 3rd Year – V Semester**

S. No.	ory						1					
No.	Ĕ	Code Course Title	Contact hrs./week Marks		Marks	3			Cr			
	Category		Course Thie	L	Т	Р	Exam Hrs.	IA	ETE	Total		
1	DC	5EE4-01	Control System Engineering	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	3	
2	DC	5EE4-02	Power System-I	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	3	
3	DC	5EE4-03	Computer Architecture and Microprocessors	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	3	
4	DC	5EE4-04	High Voltage Engineering	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	3	
		5EE5-11	Digital Electronics									
5	DE-1	5EE5-12	Optimisation Techniques	2	0	0	2	30	70	100	2	
		5EE5-13	Introduction to VLSI									
		5EE5-14	Engineering Materials									
6	DE-2	5EE5-15	Fundamentals of Communication Systems	2	0	0	2	30	30 70	100	100	2
		5EE5-16	Energy Conversion and Auditing									
Sub Total					0	0	-	180	420	600	16	
PRA	CTICA	L & SESSI		1	1	1	1	1	1	T		
7	DC	5EE4-20	Control System Engineering Lab	0	0	3		60	40	100	1.5	
8	DC	5EE4-21	MATLAB Programming Lab 0 0 3 60 40 10		100	1.5						
9	DC	5EE4-22	Microprocessors Lab	0	0	3		60	40	100	1.5	
10	DC	5EE4-23	High Voltage Engineering Lab 0		0	3		60	40	100	1.5	
11	UI	5EE7-30	Industrial Training (45 days)	0	0	6		60	40	100	3	
12	UGE	5EE8-00	Co-Curricular Activities	0	0	2		60	40	100	1	
			Sub- Total	0	0	20		360	240	600	10	
	TOTAL OF V SEMESTER				0	20		540	660	1200	26	





# B.Tech. (Electrical Engineering) III Year V Semester

5EE4-01: Control System Engineering			
Credit:3	Max Marks:100(IA: 30,ETE: 70)		
3L+0T+ 0P	EndTermExams:3hrs.		

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- **CO-1:** Understand the concept of control systems and their types. Representation of control systems by block diagram and signal flow graph.
- **CO-2:** Learn the importance of control systems and their transient analysis along with their design specifications. Also able to apply Laplace Transform for evaluation of time response.
- **CO-3:**Know the concept of stability and its determination through Routh-Hurwitz stability criteria and Root Locus.

**CO-4:**Find the frequency response of a system through Polar plot, Nyquist plot and Bode plots.

S.No.	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction: Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2.	<b>Introduction of Control Systems</b> : Concept of open loop and closed loop control systems, Examples and applications of open loop and closed loop systems, Elements of control systems, Differential equations representation of Electro-Mechanical systems, Transfer function calculation by block diagram reduction techniques and signal flow method.	9
3.	Laplace Transform and Transient Analysis of Control System: Laplace Transformation, inverse Laplace transformation, Application of initial and final value theorem, Time response of first and second-order systems with impulse, step, ramp and parabolic inputs, Design specifications for second-order systems, Order, type and characteristics equation of control systems.	9
4.	<b>Error Analysis and Stability of Control System:</b> Steady state errors and error constants, Transient and steady state analysis of control systems, concept of stability and necessary conditions, Routh-Hurwitz stability criteria and limitations. Stability analysis through Root Locus Technique.	8
5.	<b>Control System Components and Controllers:</b> AC servomotor, synchronous and stepper motor. Application of Proportional, Integral and Derivative Controllers, Lead, Lag and Lead-Lag compensators.	7
6.	<b>Frequency Response Analysis:</b> Correlation between time and frequency responses, Polar plot, Nyquist plot and Nyquist stability criterion. Bode plots, Gain Margin and Phase Margin.	7
	Total	41





- 1. I. J. Nagrath and M. Gopal: Control Systems Engineering, New AgePublication.
- 2. K. Ogata: Modern Control Engineering, Prentice Hall of India.
- 3. Benjamin C. Kuo, Automatic Control Systems, Wiley India.
- 4. A.K. Jairath, Problems and Solutions of Control Systems, CBS Publishers.





III Year V Semester 5EE4-02: Power System-I		
Credit:3	Max Marks:100(IA: 30,ETE: 70)	
3L+0T+ 0P	EndTermExams:3 hrs.	

#### **Course Outcomes:** Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to: **CO-1:** Understand the basics of supply systems, requirement of conductor material and effect of voltage on size of conductor. CO-2: Calculate the sag and tension of overhead transmission lines and also know about the effect of wind and ice loading, conductor vibrations and vibration dampers. CO-3: Evaluate the electrical parameters like resistance, inductance and capacitance of overhead lines and also know about the Skin, Proximity effects and Corona effect. **CO-4:** Know about the various types of insulators and underground cables. S. No. **Contents** Hours 1 1. Introduction: Objective, scope and outcome of the course. Supply and Distribution Systems: Basic network topology of power system. 2. Transmission and distribution voltage, effect of system voltage on size of conductor and losses. Comparison of supply systems. Transmission and 7 Distribution Systems: Line diagrams, transmission and distribution voltage levels, Kelvin's law for conductor size. Mechanical Parameters of Overhead Lines: Conductor material and types of 3. conductor. Conductor arrangements and spacing. Calculation of sag and tension, 8 supports at different levels, effect of wind and ice loading, stringing chart and sag template. Conductor vibrations and vibration dampers. Electrical Parameters of Overhead Lines: Resistance, inductance and 4. capacitance of overhead lines, effect line transposition. Geometric mean radius and distance. Inductance and capacitance of line with symmetrical and 9 unsymmetrical spacing, Inductance and capacitance of double circuit lines. Skin and Proximity effects. Equivalent circuits and performance of short and medium transmission lines. 5. Transmission Line Parameters: Equivalent circuit of transmission lines, Ferranti effect. Interference with communication circuits. Corona: Electric stress 8 between parallel conductors. Disruptive critical voltage and visual critical voltage, Factors affecting corona. Corona power loss. Effects of corona. Insulators and Underground Cables: Insulators: Pin, shackle, suspension, post 6. and strain insulator. Insulator string, string efficiency, grading and methods of improving string efficiency. Types of underground cable, Materials for conductor, insulator, sheathing and 8 armouring. Insulator resistance and capacitance calculation. Electrostatic stresses and reduction of maximum stresses. Causes of breakdown. Thermal rating of cable. Introduction to oil filled and gas filled cables. Total 41





- 1. C. L. Wadhwa, Electrical Power Systems, New Age Publications.
- 2. Nagrath, Kothari, Modern Power System Analysis, McGraw Hill Education.
- 3. Ashfaq Hussain, Electrical Power System, CBS Publisher.
- 4. Soni, Gupta and Bhatnagar: A Course in Electrical Power, Dhanpat Rai.
- 5. B. R. Gupta: Power System Analysis & Design, S. Chand Publishers.
- 6. A. S. Pabla: Electric Power Distribution, McGraw Hill Education.





5EE4-03: Computer Architecture and Microprocessors			
Credit:3	Max Marks:100(IA: 30,ETE: 70)		
3L+0T+ 0P	EndTermExams:3 hrs.		

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

**CO-1:** To understand the architecture and working of the microprocessor.

**CO-2:** To write the assembly language programming,

**CO-3:** To understand the overview of computer organization.

**CO-4:** To understand the principle of CPU system.

**CO-5:** To understand the principle of memory system

**CO-6:** To explain the principle of data flow.

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction: Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2.	Fundamental of Microprocessor: Introduction to Microprocessors, Microprocessor systems with bus organization, Microprocessor architecture and operation, 8085 Microprocessor and its operation, 8085 instruction cycle, machine cycle, T states, Addressing modes in 8085, Introduction to 8086.	10
	Introduction to Assembly Language Programming: Assembly Language Programming Basics, Classification of Instructions and Addressing Mode, 8085 Instruction Sets, Assembling, Executing and Debugging the Programs, Developing Counters and Time Delay Routines, Interfacing Concepts	9
	<ul> <li>Basic Computer Architecture:</li> <li>Introduction: History of Computer architecture, Overview of computer organization, Memory Hierarchy and cache, Organization of hard disk.</li> <li>Instruction Codes: Stored Program Organization-Indirect Address, Computer Registers, Common bus system, Instruction set, Timing and Control-Instruction Cycle.</li> </ul>	4
5.	Micro-programmed Control: Basic Computer Design of Accumulator: Control of Ac Register, ALU Organization; Control Memory-Address Sequencing; Conditional Branching, Mapping of Instruction-Subroutines; Micro Program: Symbolic Micro Program, Binary Micro Program; Design of Control Unit: Basic Requirement of Control Unit, Structure of Control Unit, Micro Program Sequencer.	8





6.	Central Processing Unit:	
	General Register Organization: Control Word, Stack Organization and	
	Instruction; Formats-Addressing Models.	
		8
	Data Transfer and Manipulation: Data Transfer Instruction, Data Manipulation	
	Instructions, Arithmetic Instructions, Logical and Bit Manipulation Instruction,	
	Shift Instructions.	
	Total	40
_	1. Ramesh S. Gaonkar: Microprocessor Architecture, Programming, and Applicati 8085, prentice Hall	ons with
2. Morris Mano: Computer system Architecture, Third Edition, prentice Hall		
3. Malvino: Digital Computer system Electronics (An introduction to Microcomputers)		
		ters)
	3. Malvino: Digital Computer system Electronics (An introduction to Microcompu	<i>,</i>
		,



**Course Outcomes:** 



### **III** Year V Semester

5EE4-04: High Voltage Engineering			
Credit:3	Max Marks:100(IA: 30,ETE: 70)		
3L+0T+ 0P	EndTermExams:3 hrs.		

CO-3	<ul> <li>2: know about the Over voltages and Travelling Waves and their causes and effects.</li> <li>3:Learn about the breakdown in gases, liquids and solids and insulation tests.</li> <li>4: Analyze the protection scheme of the high voltage equipments like surge absorbing ap, arcing horn and lighting arresters.</li> </ul>	ber, rod
5. No.	Contents	Hour
1.	Introduction: Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2.	<ul> <li>High Voltage DC and AC Generation: Generation of high voltage DC, basic voltage multiplier circuit, High voltage AC generation through Cascaded Transformers.</li> <li>Impulse Voltage generation: Impulse voltage, basic impulse circuit, Mark's multistage impulse generator, Construction and operation of Sphere-gap.</li> </ul>	8
3.	<b>Over voltages and Travelling Waves:</b> Causes of over-voltages, introduction to lightning phenomena, over-voltages due to lighting. Travelling waves on transmission lines-open end line, short circuited line, line terminated through a resistance, line connected to a cable, reflection and refraction at a T-junction and line terminated through a capacitance. Attenuation of traveling waves.	8
4.	<b>Breakdown in Gases, Liquids and Solids:</b> Introduction to mechanism of breakdown in gases, Townsend's breakdown mechanism. Breakdown in electromagnetic gases, Application of gases in power system. Introduction to mechanism of breakdown in liquids, suspended solid particle mechanism and cavity breakdown. Application of oil in power apparatus. Introduction to mechanism of breakdown in solids, electromechanical breakdown, treeing and tracking breakdown and thermal breakdown.	8
5.	<b>Insulation Tests:</b> Measurement of resistively, dielectric constant and loss factor. High Voltage Schering Bridge- measurement of capacitance and dielectric loss. Introduction to partial discharge, partial discharge equivalent circuit. Basic wide-band and narrow band PD detection circuits.	8
6.	<b>Over Voltage Protection:</b> Basic construction and operation of ground wires protection angle and protective zone, ground rods, counterpoise, surge absorber, rod-gap and arcing horn, lighting arresters - expulsion type, non -linear gap type andmetal oxide gapless type. Introduction of Insulation Coordination.	8
	Total	41





- 1. Naidu: High Voltage Engineering, MGH.
- 2. C. L.Wadhwa: High Voltage Engineering, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 3. Ravindra Arora, Bharat Singh Rajpurohit: Fundamentals of High Voltage Engineering, Wiley.
- 4. Subir Ray: An Introduction to High Voltage Engineering, Prentice Hall of India.





5EE5-11: Digital Electronics		
Credit:2	Max Marks:100(IA: 30,ETE: 70)	
2L+0T+ 0P	EndTermExams:2 hrs.	

Course	<b>Outcomes:</b>

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

**CO-1:** Understand the basics of number systems and logic gates.

**CO-2:** Explain finite state model and minimization techniques

**CO-3:** Know structure and design of combinational and sequential logic circuits.

**CO-4:** Understand the concept different logic families.

S.	Contents	Hours
No.		
1.	Introduction: Objective, Scope and Outcome of the course	1
2.	<b>Number System, Codes and Logic Gates:</b> Arithmetic of Nonconventional Number System, Weighted Codes, Binary codes, Code Conversion, Error Correction/Detection Codes, BCD codes, Fixed point & floating point Number System. Basic, Exclusive and Universal Gates, Hazardous in the circuits.	8
3.	<b>Logic Simplification and Minimization Techniques:</b> Review of Boolean Algebra and De Morgan's Theorem, SOP & POS forms, Canonical forms, Karnaugh maps up to 6 variables, Tabulation Method.	7
4.	<b>Combinational Logic Circuits Design:</b> Half and Full Adders, Subtractors, Serial and Parallel Adders, BCD Adder, Magnitude Comparators, Multiplexers, Encoder, Decoder, Driver & Multiplexed Display, Logic Implementation using combination blocks.	8
5.	Sequential Logic Circuits Design: Building blocks like S-R, JK and Master-Slave JK FF, Edge triggered FF, Ripple and Synchronous counters, Shift registers, Finite state machines, Design of Synchronous FSM, Algorithmic State Machines charts. Designing synchronous circuits like Pulse train generator, Pseudo Random Binary Sequence generator, Clock generation	8
6.	<b>Logic Families and PLD Concept:</b> TTL NAND gate, Specifications, Noise margin, Propagation delay, fan-in, fan-out, Tristate TTL, ECL, CMOS families and their interfacing. Basics of HDL (VHDL/Verilog), Syntax and Semantics of HDL. Concept of Programmable logic devices like FPGA. Logic implementation using programmable devices.	
	Total	40





- 1. M. Morris Mano: Digital Design, Third Edition, Prentice Hall
- 2. R. P. Jain: Modern Digital Electronics, Third Edition, TMH
- 3. Taub and Schilling: Digital Integrated Electronics, McGRAW HILL
- 4. Sandige: Digital concept Using standard ICs
- 5. R. J. Tocci: Digital Systems: Principles and Applications, Fourth Edition, Prentice Hall





	5EE5-12:Optimiz	ation Techniques	
	Credit:2	Max Marks:100(IA: 30,ETE: 7	0)
	2L+0T+ 0P	EndTermExams:2 hrs.	
Cour	se Outcomes:		
Upor	a successful completion of the course, the stu	idents will be able to:	
<b>CO-</b> 2	L: To study the concept of optimization technology	niques and their classification.	
CO-2	<b>2:</b> To study the Linear programming concert LP methods.	pts and able for problem solving using	various
CO	<b>3:</b> To study and understand Queuing models	and distributions.	
	<ul> <li>4: Define and explain the different statistica Uniform, and Exponential distributions correlation and regression.</li> <li>5: To study and understand the Unconstraine</li> </ul>	and compute the method of least	
	6: To study and understand the Constrained	*	
. No.	Conter	-	Hours
1.	Introduction: Objective, scope and outcom	ne of the course.	1
2.	<b>INTRODUCTION:</b> Introduction to Optimization – Statement of an Optimi formulation – Classification of Optimization	zation problem – Optimal Problem	7
3.	<b>LINEAR PROGRAMMING:</b> Examples formulation simplex methods variable with dual simplex method - sensitivity analy solution of the transportation problem – a shortest route problem – maximal two networks.	h upper bounds – principle- duality - ysis – revised simplex procedure – ussignment – network minimization –	10
4.	<b>QUEUING THEORY:</b> Queuing Models probability distribution in queuing systems -Queues with combined arrivals and depart	s, poison and exponential distributions	6
5.	<b>UNCONSTRAINED OPTIMIZATION:</b> convex functions. Necessary and sufficient and order of convergence – unibariate se metcher reeves method -conjugate gradient	t conditions for local minima – speed arch – steepest and desent methods-	9
6.	<b>CONSTRAINED OPTIMIZATION:</b> N equality constraints, inequality constraints projection method – penalty function method irections.	-kuhu – tucker conditions – gradient	8
		Total	41





1. Rao S.S, "Optimization – Theory and applications", Wiley Easter Ltd., 1979

2. Hadley G. "Nonlinear and – dynamic programming" Addison Wesley Publishing Co. 1964.

3. Cordan C.C. Beveridge and Robert S. Schedther, "Optimization, Theory and Practice" McGraw Hill Co.1970.

4.HarndyA.Tahh. "Operations Research, An Introduction", Macmillan Publishers Co.NewYork, 1982.

5. Beightferand S., "Foundations of Optimization Pill", New Delhi, 1979.





5EE5-13: Introduction to VLSI	
Credit:2	Max Marks:100 (IA: 30,ETE: 70)
2L+0T+ 0P	EndTermExams:2 hrs.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

**CO-1:** To study the MOS transistors and understand MOS fabrication techniques.

CO-2: To study the NMOS and CMOS Inverter design concepts.

**CO-3:** To understand various CMOS logic circuits and their working.

**CO-4:** To design simple CMOS logic circuits.

**CO-5:** To study VHDL and coding for sequential circuits.

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction: Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	01
2.	<b>Introduction to MOS Technology:</b> Basic MOS transistors, Enhancement Mode transistor action, Depletion Mode transistor action, NMOS and CMOS fabrication.	08
3.	<b>Basic Electrical Properties of MOS Circuits:</b> IDS versus VDS relationship, Aspects of threshold voltage, Transistor Trans conductance. The NMOS inverter, Pull up to Pull-down ratio for a NMOS Inverter and CMOS Inverter (Bn/Bp), MOS transistor circuit Model, Noise Margin.	08
4.	<b>CMOS Logic Circuits:</b> The inverter, Combinational Logic, NAND Gate NOR gate, Compound Gates, 2input CMOS Multiplexer, Memory latches and registers Transmission Gate, Gate delays, CMOS-Gate Transistor sizing, Power dissipation	08
5.	<b>Basic Physical Design of Simple Gates and Layout Issues:</b> Layout issues for inverter, Layout for NAND and NOR Gates, Complex Logic gates Layout, Layout optimization for performance.	08
6.	<b>Introduction to VHDL:</b> Verilog and other design tools. VHDL Code for simple Logic gates, flip-flops, shift-registers, Counters, Multiplexers, adders and subtractors.	07
	Total	40
Sugg	<ul> <li>gested Books:</li> <li>1. S M Sze: VLSI Technology (TMH)</li> <li>2. SM KANG:CMOS Digital Integrated Circuits, TMH</li> <li>3. Stephen A Compbell: The Science &amp; Engineering of Microelectronic Fab</li> </ul>	prication.

Oxford. 4. James D Plummer, Micheal Deal & Petter B Griffin: Silicon VLSI Tech. Fundamental, Practice & Modeling, Prentice Hall.









5EE5-14: Engineering Materials			
	Credit:2	Max Marks:100(IA: 30,ETE: 7	0)
	2L+0T+ 0P	EndTermExams:2 hrs.	
	rse Outcomes: n successful completion of the course, the s	tudents will be able to:	
<b>CO-</b> 2	<ol> <li>Know about the basic concepts of the ma</li> <li>Understand the various properties of the metals, electrical and thermal conductivities</li> <li>Apply the knowledge of semiconductor and the semicondu</li></ol>	he conducting materials, free electron the ty of metals	heory of
CO-	<ul> <li>4: Define and explain the different magnet explain the superconductivity and zero r</li> <li>5: Explain the dielectric properties of insu electronic and ionic polarizability and di</li> </ul>	tics materials and their applications. Also esistance. lators, piezoelectricity, frequency dependence	
5. No.			Hours
1.	Introduction: Objective, scope and outco	ome of the course.	1
2.	<b>Concepts of Materials Science:</b> Ioni bindings-Bond angle, bondlength and bor Crystalline state and their defects, Clas conduction in solids, temperature depended	c, covalent, metallic and molecular nd energy, Bonding and types of solids, sical theory of electrical and thermal	8
3.	<b>Conducting Materials</b> : Conductivity of Ohm's law and relaxation time of electr electron scattering and resistivity of met of metals.	ons, collision time and meanfree path,	8
4.	<b>Semiconductor Materials:</b> Classification conductivity, temperature dependence, Ca semiconductor materials used in electrical	arrier density and energy gap, Trends in	7
5.	Magnetic Properties of materials and matter, Magnetic Material Classification, Para-magnetism, Ferro-magnetism,Ferri Curie-Weiss Law, Soft and Hard Magne origin, Zero resistance and Meissner Effect	Magnetic properties – Dia-magnetism -magnetismand Antiferro-magnetism, tic Materials,Superconductivity and its	9
6.	<b>Dielectric Properties of Insulators:</b> Alternating fields, Dielectric constant molecules and solids, Internal field in s Electric materials, Polarization, Piezoe Electronic and Ionic Polarizability, Com solids, dielectric losses.	of mono-atomic gases, poly-atomic olids and liquids, Properties of Ferro- electricity, Frequency dependence of	8
		Total	41





- 1. Introduction to Materials Science and Engineering, William J Callister, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 2. W. D. Callister, "Materials Science and Engineering: An Introduction", John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. V. Raghavan, "Materials Science and Engineering: A First Course", Prentice Hall





5EE5-15: Fundamentals of Communication Systems	
Credit:2	Max Marks:100(IA: 30,ETE: 70)
2L+0T+ 0P	EndTermExams:2 hrs.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

**CO-1:** Analyze the power and transmission bandwidth of Amplitude and Frequency Modulated signals.

**CO-2:** Familiarize the process of reproduction of base band signal.

**CO-3:** Analyze various pulse analog and pulse digital Modulation Techniques.

**CO-4:** Understand the transmission of binary data in communication systems.

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction: Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2.	<b>Amplitude Modulation:</b> Introduction to Modulation, Need for Modulation, Ordinary Amplitude Modulation – Modulation index, Side bands, AM Power, Double Side Band Suppressed Carrier Modulation, Single Side Band Modulation, Vestigial Side Band Modulation, AM demodulation, Applications of AM.	10
3.	<b>Angle Modulation:</b> Angle Modulation fundamentals, Frequency Modulation – Modulation index and sidebands, Narrowband FM, Wideband FM, Principles of Phase Modulation, Frequency Modulation verses Amplitude Modulation, FM demodulation, Frequency Division Multiplexing, Applications of FM.	9
4.	<ul> <li>Signal Sampling and Analog Pulse Communication: Ideal Sampling, Pulse Amplitude Modulation, Pulse Width Modulation, Pulse Position Modulation.</li> <li>Digital Communication Techniques: Quantization, Digital Transmission of Data, Parallel and Serial Transmission, Data Conversion, Time Division Multiplexing, Pulse Code Modulation, Delta Modulation.</li> </ul>	10
5.	<b>Transmission of Binary Data in Communication Systems:</b> Digital Codes, Principles of Digital Transmission, Transmission Efficiency, Modem Concepts and Methods – FSK, BPSK, Error Detection and Correction.	10
	Total	40

### Suggested Books:

1. George Kennedy, Bernard Davis, S. R. M Prasanna, Kennedy's Electronic Communication System, McGraw Hill , 6th Edition 2017

2. S Haykins, Communications Systems, Wiley, 4th Edition 2006

3. Wayne Tomasi, Electronic Communication Systems, 5th Edition, Pearson Education.

4. B.P.Lathi, "Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems", 4th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2011.

5. D.Roody, J.Coolen, Electronic Communications, 4th edition, PHI, 2006.



# BIKANER TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, BIKANER बीकानेर तकनीकी विश्वविद्यालय, बीकानेर OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS



6. B.Sklar, "Digital Communications Fundamentals and Applications", 2nd Edition Pearson Education, 2007.

7. H P Hsu, Schaum Outline Series - "Analog and Digital Communications" TMH, 2006





5EE5-16: Energy Conversion and Auditing			
	Credit:2 Max Marks:100(IA: 30,ETE: 70)		0)
	2L+0T+ 0P	EndTermExams:2 hrs.	
Upor CO-1	<ul> <li>rse Outcomes:</li> <li>n successful completion of the course, the s</li> <li>1: Explain thebasic principles of energy of and co-energy and single excited system</li> <li>2: Know about the energy conversion system to electrical energy and OTEC and bio-res</li> </ul>	conversion, Energy in magnetic systems s. ems like solar to thermal, solar to electric	
	<ul> <li>3: Define energy management, energy audit instruments.</li> <li>4: Implement the energy efficient device demand controllers, energy efficient motion</li> </ul>	s,automatic power factor controllers, m	
5. No.	Cont	ents	Hours
1.	Introduction: Objective, scopeandoutcor	neofthecourse.	1
2.	<b>Principals of Energy Conversion:</b> electromechanical devices, Energy in ma single excited systems: determination equations.	ignetic systems, energy and co-energy,	8
3.	<b>Conversion of Renewable Energy</b> : Intr renewable energy resources, Solar ene electrical energy, solar photovoltaic syst wind energy conversion, basic compo- system, Introduction to Ocean Thermal H energy conversion.	rgy: solar to thermal energy, solar to tem, Wind energy: basic principles of onents of wind energy conversion	8
4.	<b>Energy Management and Audit:</b> Energy audit. Energy management, understanding energy requirements, energy audit instruction Facility as an energy system, methods for energy balance diagrams.	ng energy costs, optimizing the input uments. Material and Energy balance:	7
5.	<b>Energy Efficiency in Electrical System</b> management and maximum demand com- benefits, selection and location of capa capacitors, distribution and transformer lo induction motors, motor efficiency, factor	trol, power factor improvement and its citors, performance assessment of PF osses. Electric motors: Types, losses in	9
6.	<b>Energy Efficient Technologies in Electr</b> controllers, Maximum demand controller with energy saver, variable speed d electronic ballast, occupancy sensors, en saving potential of each technology.	s, energy efficient motors, soft starters rives, energy efficient transformers,	8
		Total	41





- 1. G.D.Rai, Non-Conventional Energy Sources, Khanna Publishers.
- 2. P.C. Sen, Principles of Electric Machines and Power Electronics, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Mehmet Kanoğlu, Yunus A. Çengel, "Energy Efficiency and Management for Engineers", McGraw-Hill Education.





5EE4-20: Control System Engineering Lab	
Max Marks:100(IA:60,ETE: 40)	
EndTermExams:3 hrs.	

# **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

**CO-1:** Obtain the step, ramp and impulse responses of first and second order control systems.

**CO-2:** Design the lag, lead and lag-lead controllers.

**CO-3:**Draw the frequency responses plot of a given control system.

**CO-4:**Analysis the stability of a system using Bode plot, Nyquist plot and Root-loci.

**CO-5:** Design P, PI and PID controllers.

S. No.	List of Experiments	Hours
1.	Introduction to MATLAB computing control software and its control tools.	3
2.	To design a first order R-C circuit and observe its step, ramp and impulse response.	3
3.	Plot step, ramp and impulse response of a given second order control system. Take different values of damping ratio $\delta$ and natural frequency of oscillations $\omega_n$ .	3
4.	<ul><li>Plot and examine the frequency response of following compensating networks and find out corner frequencies.</li><li>(a) Lag Network</li><li>(b) Lead Network and</li><li>(c) Lag-lead Network</li></ul>	3
5.	Draw the bode plot for a second order transfer function and observe the Gain cross—over frequency, Phase cross-over frequency, Gain Margin and Phase-Margin.	3
6.	Check for the stability of a given closed loop system using Nyquist plot.	3
7.	Examine the stability of a given transfer function of a control system using the root-loci.	3
8.	Design P, PI and PID controllers for the given specifications and calculate $K_p$ , $K_i$ and $K_d$ for them.	3
9.	Draw and study the characteristics of AC servomotor.	3
	Total	27



**Course Outcomes:** 



### III Year V Semester

5EE4-21: MATLAB Programming Lab	
Credit:1.5	Max Marks:100(IA:60,ETE: 40)
0L+0T+3P	EndTermExams:3 hrs.

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

<b>CO-</b> 1	<b>1:</b> Write scripts and function in MATLB to perform mathematical operations on r arrays and constants.	natrixes,
CO-2	<b>2:</b> Draw the responses of any kind of system using plot features of MATLAB.	
	<b>3:</b> Demonstrate the loop, if-else, control flow, break-point operations.	
	<b>4</b> :Simulate a model in Simulink to get the desired response.	
S. No.	List of Experiments	Hours
1.	Introduction to MATLAB, its various tools and files.	3
2.	Create matrices, vectors, array, multi-dimensional matrices and their operations through script file in MATLAB (one example of each).	3
3.	Scripts and functions; Global Variables; Open, saving and loading data; Debugging of scripts.	3
4.	Create script files demonstrating plot and sub-plot of simple graphs and their editing through figure editor tools. Perform label, title, legend, axis, zoom-in, zoom-out etc. operations.	3
5.	Demonstrate Loops, Advanced data objects, Break-point and Structures by writing script files.(Through tutorial sheets)	3
6.	Demonstrate If-else, Branches and Control flow through writing example script files.(Through tutorial sheets)	3
7.	Applications: linear algebra, curve fitting, interpolation, Numerical integration, Ordinary differential equation. (Cover through tutorial sheets)	3
8.	Simulink: Basics of Simulink, Problems based on Simulink. Draw and simulate a Simulink model of a transfer function and get its step and ramp responses.	3
9.	Implement a PID controller and perform its tuning through PID controller tuning toolbox.	3
	Total	27





5EE4-22: Microprocessors Lab		
Credit:1.5	Max Marks:100(IA:60,ETE: 40)	
0L+0T+3P	EndTermExams: 3 hrs.	

Cou	rse Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to	
CO-	1: Write assembly language programs for 8085 microprocessor	
CO-	2: Understand the interfacing of peripherals with 8085 microprocessors	
CO-	3: Learn programming concepts of 8051 microcontroller	
	4: Implement 8051 interfacing with peripherals	
CO-	5: Application of microprocessor, working on mini projects.	
S. No	List of Experiments	Hours
1	Study the hardware, functions, memory structure, Instruction set and operation of 8085 microprocessor kit.	3
2	Write an assembly language program to Add/Subtract two 8-bit/16-bit number.	1.5
3	To perform multiplication and division of two 8 bit numbers using 8085.	1.5
4	Write an assembly language program to Data transfer/Exchange from one memory block to another in forward and reverse order.	3
5	To write a program to arrange an array of data in ascending and descending order.	1.5
6	To find the largest and smallest number in an array of data using 8085 instruction set.	1.5
7	Write a program using 8085 Microprocessor for addition and subtraction of two BCD numbers.	3
8	Write a program using 8085 Microprocessor to generate square and triangular wave.	3
9	Write an assembly language program for displaying the decimal numbers in 7 Segment display using Microcontroller	3
10	Write an assembly language program for interfacing stepper motor with 8051.	3
11	11 Write an assembly language program to interface relay with 8051	
	Total	27





	5EE4-23: High Vol	tage Engineering Lab	
	Credit:1.5	Max Marks:100(IA:60,ETE: 40	))
	0L+0T+3P	EndTermExams:3 hrs.	
	<b>rse Outcomes:</b> n successful completion of the course, the s	tudents will be able to:	
CO-2 CO-3	<ol> <li>Know about the transformer oil propert strength.</li> <li>Understand the applications of the variou</li> <li>Perform the high voltage test of line insu transformer.</li> <li>Know the operation of circuit breake transformer.</li> </ol>	as types of insulating materials. Ilator, cable, bushing, power capacitor,and	d power
S. No.	List of Exp	eriments	Hours
1.	Study desirable properties of transformer treatment.	c oil. Also study about itsfiltration and	3
2.	Perform a test to determine dielectric street	ngth of transformer oil.	3
3.	Determine capacitance and dielectric Schering bridge.	loss of an insulating material using	3
4.	Study different types of insulating materia	als and their applications.	3
5.	Measurement of insulation resistance of c	ables.	3
6.	Perform flashover testson wet and dry ins	ulator.	3
7.	Study and perform direct testing and indir	rect testing of circuit breakers.	3
8.	Study high voltage testing of electrical eq power capacitor, and power transformer.	uipment: line insulator, cable, bushing,	3
9.	Study the Buchholz relay and also explain	its operation.	3
		Total	27





# SCHEME & SYLLABUS OF UNDERGRADUATE DEGREE COURSE

# **Electrical Engineering**

**VI Semester** 



# Effective for the students admitted in year 2021-22 and onwards.

DC:	Departmental Core	DE:	Departmental Elective	UC:	University Core
UI:	University Independent Elective	UGE:	University General Elective		

L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practical, IA: Internal Assessment, ETE: End Term Exam, Cr: Credits





### **Teaching and Examination Scheme**

3rd Year -	VI Semester
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THE	EORY										
S. S.		Code Course Title			Contact hrs./week		Marks			Cr	
No.	Category	Code	Course Thie	L	Т	Р	Exam Hrs.	IA	ETE	Total	CI
1	DC	6EE4-01	Power Electronics	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	3
2	DC	6EE4-02	Modern Control Systems	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	3
3	DC	6EE4-03	Power System-II	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	3
4	DC	6EE4-04	Switchgear and Protection of Power System	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	3
5	DC	6EE4-05	Signals and Systems	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	3
		6EE5-11 Electromagnetic Field Theory									
6	DE-3	6EE5-12	Neural Network and Fuzzy Logic Control	2	0	0	2	30	70	100	2
		6EE5-13	Digital Control System								
			Sub Total	17	0	0		180	420	600	17
PRA	CTICA	L & SESSI	ONAL								
7	DC	6EE4-20	Power Electronics Lab	0	0	3		60	40	100	1.5
8	DC	6EE4-21	Power System Lab	0	0	3		60	40	100	1.5
9	UI	6EE7-50	Mini project	0	0	4		60	40	100	2
10	UGE	6EE8-00	<i>Co-Curricular</i> <i>Activities</i>	0	0	4		60	40	100	2
			Sub- Total	0	0	14		240	160	400	7
		ТОТА	L OF VI SEMESTER	17	0	14		420	580	1000	24

L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practical, Cr: Credits

ETE: End Term Exam, IA: Internal Assessment





# Syllabus B. Tech. (Electrical Engineering) III Year VI Semester

6EE4-01: Power Electronics			
Credit: 3	Max Marks: 100 (IA: 30, ETE: 70)		
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3hrs.		

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- **CO-1:** Understand the operation, characteristics and applications of Power Diode, Power Transistor, Power MOSFET, IGBT, TRIAC, DIAC and MCT.
- **CO-2:** Know the characteristics, specification, ratings, interconnections, protection and turningon/off methods of SCR.
- **CO-3:** Analyze the single-phase and three-phase converters with different loads.
- **CO-4:** Evaluate the performance of choppers with their operating principal and control strategies.

**CO-5:** Analyze the operation of inverter and harmonic elimination techniques in PWM Inverters.

S.No.	Contents	Hours
1.	<b>Introduction:</b> Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2.	<b>Power Semiconductor Devices:</b> Construction, operation, characteristics and applications of Power Diode, Power Transistor, Power MOSFET, IGBT, MCT, TRIAC and DIAC, pulse transformer, optical isolators.	3
3.	<b>Thyristor:</b> Construction, characteristics, specification and ratings of SCR, methods of turn on, Protection of SCR against over voltage, over current, dv/dt, di/dt, Gate protection.	3
4.	<b>Single-Phase &amp; Three-Phase rectifiers</b> : Single-phase half and full-wave converters with RL and RLE load, Conduction angle, Extinction angle, Single-phase semi converters, Three phase half-wave converters. Three phase full converters with RL and RLE load. Three-phase semi converters with RL and RLE load and source impedance on the performance of converters.	8
5.	<b>DC-DC Converters (Choppers):</b> Introduction, Classification, Principle and Operation, Control strategies, Chopper configurations, Thyristor chopper commutation circuits, Switched Mode Power Supply, Buck, Boost and Buck-Boost converters, Cuk converter.	8
6.	<b>DC-AC Converters (Inverters):</b> Introduction, Classification, Single phase half and full bridge VSI, Three phase VSI: 120 and 180 degree conduction mode. Performance Parameters of Inverter, Voltage control of single phase and three phase Inverter.	8
7.	<b>PWM Inverters:</b> Principle of PWM control, PWM techniques classifications, Unipolar and Bipolar PWM, Sinusoidal PWM, Hysteresis band current control PWM, Comparison of PWM techniques, Voltage and frequency control of single phase and three-phase inverters, Harmonic Cancellation techniques.	9
	Total	40





- 1. P. S. Bimbhra: Power Electronics, Khanna Publishers.
- 2. M. D. Singh and K. B. Khanchandani: Power Electronics, McGraw Hill Education.
- 3. M. H. Rashid: Power Electronics, Circuits Devices and Applications, Pearson.
- 4. Ned Mohan: Power Electronics, John Wiley.





6EE4-02: Modern Control Systems			
Credit: 3	Max Marks: 100 (IA: 30, ETE: 70)		
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3hrs.		

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- **CO-1:** Define the state, state space, state vector and find the state model equations of electrical and mechanical systems.
- **CO-2:** Represent a system by Physical form, Phase variables form, Canonical form & companion form and inter-convert them.
- **CO-3:** Solve the state equations using state transition matrix. Also evaluate the controllability and observability of the given system.

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction: Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2.	<b>State Space Approach of Control System:</b> Modern versus conventional control theory, Concept of state, State variable, State vector, State space, State space equations, Writing state space equations of mechanical and electrical systems, Analogous systems.	7
3.	<b>State Space Representation:</b> Physical form, Phase variables form, Canonical form and companion form of system representation. Block diagram representation of state model, Signal flow graph representation, State space representation using canonical variables. Diagonal matrix. Jordan canonical form, Derivation of transfer functions from state-model.	6
4.	<b>Solution of State Equations:</b> Eigen values and Eigen vectors, Matrix, Exponential, State transition matrix, Properties of state transition matrix, Computation of State transition matrix, Concepts of controllability and observability, Pole placement by state feedback.	9
5.	<b>Digital Control Systems:</b> Introduction, sampled data control systems, signal reconstruction, difference equations, Z-transform, Z-transfer Function, Block diagram analysis of sampled data systems, z and s domain relationship.	6
6.	<b>Stability Analysis in State Space:</b> Modeling of sample-hold circuit, steady state accuracy, stability in z-plane and Jury stability criterion, bilinear transformation, Routh-Hurwitz criterion on s-planes, Digital PID controllers.	6
7.	<b>Introduction to advanced control techniques: -</b> Introduction to Robust Control, adaptive control and sliding mode control. Determination of describing function of nonlinearities for relay, dead zone and saturation.	6
	Total	41

**CO-4:** Know about the digital control systems, stability analysis in state space through Jury stability criterion and Routh-Hurwitz criterion.



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- 1. I. J. Nagrath and M. Gopal: Control Systems Engineering, 3rd Ed, New AgePublication.
- 2. B. C. Kuo: Digital Control System, Oxford.
- 3. M. Gopal: Digital Control and State Variable Methods, MGH.
- 4. D. Roy, Choudhary: Modern Control Engineering, Prentice Hall of India.
- 5. Richard C. Dorf, Robert H. Bishop: Modern Control Systems, Prentice-Hall.





6EE4-03: Power System-II			
Credit: 3	Max Marks: 100 (IA: 30, ETE: 70)		
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3hrs.		

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- **CO-1:** Create the admittance and impendence model which are further used in the power system analysis.
- **CO-2:** Solve a power flow problem using Gauss-Seidel, Newton-Raphosn, Decoupled and fast decoupled methods.
- **CO-3:** Analyze the symmetrical and unsymmetrical faults.
- **CO-4:** Understand the concept of frequency and voltage control using active and reactive power control respectively and automatic generation control.

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction: Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2.	Admittance and Impendence Model: Percent and per unit quantities. Single line diagram for a balanced 3-phase system, Branch and node admittances, Equivalent admittance network and calculation of Y bus, Modification of an existing Y bus, Bus admittance and impedance matrices. Thevenin's theorem and Z bus. Direct determination of Z bus. Modification of an existing bus.	8
3.	<b>Load Flow Analysis:</b> Load flow problem, development of load flow equations, Classification of buses, Gauss-Seidel, Newton-Raphosn, Decoupled and fast decoupled methods for load flow analysis. Comparison of load flow methods.	9
4.	<b>Fault Analysis:</b> Fortescue theorem, symmetrical component transformation. Sequence Impedances of transmission lines, Synchronous Machine and Transformers, zero sequence network of transformers and transmission lines. Construction of sequence networks of power system, Analysis of single line to ground faults using symmetrical components, connection of sequence networks under the fault condition, Analysis of line-to-line and double line to ground faults using symmetrical components.	8
5.	<b>Power System Analysis:</b> Swing Equations of a synchronous machine connected to an infinite bus, Power angle curve, Phenomena of loss of synchronism in a single-machine infinite bus (SMIB) system, Analysis using numerical integration of swing equations using Forward Euler and Runge-Kutta method, Equal Area Criterion. Impact of stability constraints on Power System Operation.	7
6.	<b>Control of Frequency and Voltage:</b> Turbines and Speed-Governors, Frequency dependence of loads, Droop Control and Power Sharing. Automatic Generation Control. Generation and absorption of reactive power by various components of a Power System. Excitation System Control in synchronous generators, Automatic Voltage Regulators.	8
	Total	41





- 1. C. L. Wadhwa: Electrical Power Systems, New age international Ltd. Third Edition.
- 2. D. P. Kothari & I. J. Nagrath: Modern Power System Analysis, MGH.
- 3. P. Kundur: Power System Stability and Control, MGH.
- 4. W. D. Stevenson: Element of Power System Analysis, MGH.
- 5. O. I. Elgerd: Electric Energy System Theory, MGH. 1983





6EE4-04: Switchgear and Protection of Power System	
Credit: 3	Max Marks: 100 (IA: 30, ETE: 70)
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3hrs.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- **CO-1:** Understand the preliminaries about protective relays used in power systems.
- **CO-2:** Know about the power line carrier system, directional comparison and phase comparison carrier protection of transmission lines.
- **CO-3:** Learn about the protection of generator transformer unit. Also study the effect of magnetizing inrush currents and methods to minimize the effects.
- **CO-4:** Analyze the protection provided by different types of circuit breakers. Also learn about the digital protection used in power systems.

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction: Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2.	<b>Protective relays:</b> Functional characteristics of relays, Primary and backup protection, Classification of relays, Operation and characteristics of over current relays, Directional over current relays, Differential relays, Percentage differential relays and Distance relays, Connection of distance relays for line and earth fault protection.	9
3.	<b>Protection of Transmission Line:</b> Over current protection of radial feeder, parallel feeder and ring mains using time and current grading, Distance protection, Effect of arcing and power swings on the performance different distance relays, Carrier Current Protection of Transmission Lines: Basic apparatus used for power line carrier system, Principle operation of directional comparison and phase comparison carrier protection.	8
4.	<b>Protection of Synchronous Generators and Transformers:</b> Faults in stator winding of alternators, Single and multiple ground faults on the rotor protection against excitation failure and prime-mover failure, Negative sequence protection, Differential protection of generator transformer unit, Differential protection of 3-phase transformers, Effect of magnetizing inrush currents and methods for minimizing the effects.	9
5.	<b>Circuit Breakers:</b> Classification of switchgears, Arc quenching in circuit breakers, Arc interruption theories– recovery rate theory and energy balance theory. Oil circuit breakers-bulk oil and minimum oil circuit breakers, Air circuit breakers, Construction and operation of Air blast, SF6 and Vacuum circuit breakers. Selection of circuit breakers.	8
6.	<b>Digital Protection:</b> Introduction to digital protection, Brief description of block diagram of digital relay, Introduction to digital over-current, transformer differential and transmission line distance protection.	6
	Total	41





- 1. B. Ravindranath and M. Chander: Power system Protection and Switchgear, Wiley.
- 2. B. Ram and D. N. Vishwakarma: Power System Protection and Switchgear, McGraw Hill Education.
- 3. S. S. Rao: Switchgear and Protection, Khanna Publishers.
- 4. Bhuvanesh A. Oza and Nair: Power System Protection and Switchgear, McGraw Hill Education.





	6EE4-05: Sig	nals and Systems	
	Credit: 3	Max Marks: 100 (IA: 30, ETE: 7	70)
	3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3 hrs.	
Upon	se Outcomes: successful completion of the course, the s		
CO-2: CO-3:	transforms.	continuous and discrete time system. requency domain using Fourier series and	l Fourier
CO-4: S.	: Understand the Relation between contin		
No.	Con	tents	Hours
1.	Introduction: Objective, scope and out	come of the course.	1
2.	Introduction to Signals and Systems: S life, and in various branches of engin periodicity, absolute integrability, deter special signals of importance: the unit s complex exponential, some special time- time signals, continuous and discrete linearity: additivity and homogeneity, realizability.	eering and science. Signal properties: minism and stochastic character. Some step, the unit impulse, the sinusoid, the limited signals; continuous and discrete amplitude signals. System properties:	7
3.	<b>Behavior of continuous and discrete-ti</b> step response, convolution, input-output inputs, cascade interconnections. Chara LTI systems. System representation throw equations. State-space Representation or input, multi-output representation. State inputs to an LTI system, the notion of a f impulse response.	at behavior with aperiodic convergent cterization of causality and stability of agh differential equations and difference f systems. State-Space Analysis, Multi- Transition Matrix and its Role. Periodic	8
4.	<b>Fourier, Laplace:</b> Fourier series repress Symmetries, Calculation of Fourier convolution/multiplication and their effet and phase response, Fourier domain Transform (DTFT) and the Discrete Theorem. Review of the Laplace Tran- systems, system functions, poles and a Laplace domain analysis, solution to diffe	r Coefficients. Fourier Transform, ect in the frequency domain, magnitude duality. The Discrete Time Fourier Fourier Transform (DFT). Parseval's sform for continuous time signals and zeros of system functions and signals,	9
5.	<b>Z-Transforms</b> : The z-Transform for di functions, poles and zeros of systems an	screte time signals and systems, system	7



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6.	<b>Sampling and Reconstruction</b> : The Sampling Theorem and its implications. Spectra of sampled signals. Reconstruction: ideal interpolator, zero-order hold, first-order hold. Aliasing and its effects. Relation between continuous and discrete time systems.	8
	Total	40
Sugge	ested Books:	
1.	Lathi, Principles Of Linear Systems and Signals, Oxford	
2.	Willsky, Nawab, Signals And Systems, PHI	
3.	M J Roberts, Signals And Systems, Mc-Graw Hill	

Office: Bikaner Technical University, Bikaner Karni Industrial Area, Pugal Road, Bikaner-334004 Website: <u>https://btu.ac.in</u>





6EE5-11: Electromagnetic Field Theory	
Credit: 2	Max Marks: 100 (IA: 30, ETE: 70)
2L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 2 hrs.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

**CO-1:** Understand the different forms of vector relations and gradients used in field theory.

- CO-2: Learn about the electric filed intensity, Gauss law and Electrostatic Energy.
- **CO-3:** Learn about the magnetic field intensity, flux density, polarization and magnetization. Also learn about their boundary conditions.
- **CO-4:** Know the displacement current and equation of continuity, pointing vector and power considerations.

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction: Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2.	<b>Vector Relation and Gradient:</b> Vector relation in Rectangular, cylindrical, spherical and general curvilinear coordinate system. Concept and physical interpretation of gradient, Divergence and curl, Green's Stoke's and Helmholz theorems.	6
3.	<b>Electrostatics:</b> Electric field due to various charge configurations, Electric field vectors: Electric field intensity, flux density and polarization, Electric potential and displacement vector, Gauss's law, Poisson's and Laplace's equation and their solution, Uniqueness theorem, Continuity equation, Electrostatic energy, Field determination by method of images, Boundary conditions.	6
4.	<b>Magnetostatics:</b> Magnetic field vector: Magnetic field intensity, flux density and magnetization, Biot-Savart's law, Ampere's law, Magnetic vector potential, Energy stored in magnetic field, Interaction of moving charge and current with magnetic field, Boundary conditions, Analogy between electric and magnetic fields.	8
5.	<b>Time Varying Fields:</b> Faraday's law, Displacement current and equation of continuity, Maxwell's equations, Uniform plane wave in free space, Dielectrics and conductors, Skin effect, Reflection of a plane wave at normal incidence, Standing wave ratio, Pointing vector and power considerations.	8
	Total	29

- 1. G. S. N. Raju: Electromagnetic Field Theory and Transmission Lines, Pearson.
- 2. V.V. Sarwate: Electromagnetic Field and Waves, Willey Eastern Ltd.
- 3. Hayt: Engineering Electromagnetics, McGraw-Hill Education.
- 4. Matthew N. O. Sadiku: Principles of Electromagnetics, Oxford.





Credit: 2 Max Marks: 100 (IA: 30, ETE: 70		70)	
	2L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 2 hrs.	
	se Outcomes:		
-	successful completion of the course, the st		
	: Learn concepts, architecture and working		
	: Understand supervised and unsupervised		-
	: Understand Fuzzy set theory and operation : Design Fuzzy logic controller for industr		n <b>.</b>
		iai applications.	
S. No.	Cont	ents	Hours
<u>1.</u>	Introduction: Objective, Scope and Out	come of the course.	1
2.	Introduction to Artificial Neural Netwo		6
	biological motivation, Terminology, Introduction to ANN Architecture, Models		0
	of neuron, Topology, Characteristics of		
	activation functions.		
3.	Learning Methods: Error correction le	earning, Hebbian learning, Perceptron,	5
	XOR Problem, Perceptron learning rule,	Convergence theorem, Adeline.	
4.	Supervised and Unsupervised Learn	ning: Multilayer Perceptron, Back	5
	propagation learning algorithm, Mom	entum factor, Radial basis function	
	network.		
5.	Fundamentals of Fuzzy Logic: Introd	-	7
	operations and relations; Fuzzy sets,		
	cardinalities, membership functions. Fuz		
	Composition-Max min and Max-pro	oduct composition, Tolerance and	
	Equivalence relations.		
6.	Fuzzy Inference Systems and Contro	-	7
	assignment, Defuzzification to crisp se		
	language, Linguistic hedges, and Fuzzy of inference, Basic architecture of Fuzz		
	process control.	zy logic controller, ruzzy Eligineering	
		Total	31

- Rajasekharan and Rai PHI Publication.
  Introduction to Neural Networks using MATLAB 6.0 S.N. Sivanandam, S. Sumathi, S.N. Deepa, TMH, 2006
- 4. S. Haykin, "Neural Networks, A Comprehensive Foundation", Pearson, 2008.





6EE5-13: Digital Control System	
Credit: 2	Max Marks: 100 (IA: 30, ETE: 70)
2L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 2 hrs.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- **CO-1:** Describe the various control blocks and components of digital control systems for modeling.
- **CO-2:** Analyze sampled data systems in z-domain.
- **CO-3:** Design a digital controller/ compensator in frequency domain.

**CO-4:** Apply state variable concepts to design controller for linear discrete time system.

S. No.	Contents	Hour
1.	Introduction: Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2.	<b>Discrete Representation of Continuous Systems:</b> Basics of Digital Control Systems. Discrete representation of continuous systems. Sample and hold circuit. Mathematical Modeling of sample and hold circuit. Effects of Sampling and Quantization. Choice of sampling frequency. ZOH equivalent.	5
3.	<b>Discrete System and it's stability analysis:</b> Z-Transform and Inverse Z Transform for analyzing discrete time systems. Pulse Transfer function. Pulse transfer function of closed loop systems. Mapping from s-plane to z plane. Solution of Discrete time systems. Time response of discrete time system. Stability analysis by Jury test. Stability analysis using bilinear transformation.	5
4.	<b>State Space Approach for discrete time systems:</b> State space models of discrete systems, State space analysis. Lyapunov Stability. Controllability, reach-ability, Reconstructibility and observability analysis. Effect of pole zero cancellation on the controllability & observability.	6
5.	<b>Design of Digital Control System:</b> Design of Discrete PID Controller, Design of discrete state feedback controller. Design of set point tracker. Design of Discrete Observer for LTI System. Design of Discrete compensator. Design of discrete output feedback control.	7
6.	<b>Deadbeat response design:</b> Design of digital control systems with deadbeat response, Practical issues with deadbeat response design, Sampled data control systems with deadbeat response.	6
	Total	30

- 1. M. Gopal ,Digital Control and State Variable Methods, MacGraw Hill education
- 2. B.C. Kuo, Digital Control system, Oxford University Press.





6EE4-20: Power Electronics Lab	
Credit: 1.5	Max Marks: 100 (IA:60, ETE: 40)
0L+0T+3P	End Term Exams: 3 hrs.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- **CO-1:** To plot and study characteristics of devices SCR, MOSFET, IGBT and their switching behaviour.
- **CO-2:** To convert fixed dc to variable dc using dc-dc converter circuits.

**CO-3:** Study operation of semi controlled and full controlled operation of 1-phase & 3-phase rectifier.

**CO-4:** Study operation three -phase bridge inverter and obtain harmonic profile.

S. No.	List of Experiments	Hours
1.	Determine V-I characteristics of SCR and measure forward breakdown voltage, latching and holding currents.	3
2.	Find output and transfer characteristics of MOSFET and IGBT.	3
3.	Study the Buck, Boost, Buck-Boost converter circuit and obtain output waveforms.	3
4.	Study the natural, forced, auxiliary and resonant commutation circuits.	
5.	Study and obtain waveforms of single-phase half wave controlled rectifier with and without filters.	3
6.	Study and obtain waveforms of single-phase full controlled bridge converter with R and RL loads.	3
7.	Study and obtain waveforms of Three-phase full controlled bridge converter with R and RL loads.	3
8.	Study the operation of single-phase bridge inverter with sinusoidal pulse width modulation method.	3
9.	Study and perform an experiment on the operation of single-phase bridge inverter with sinusoidal pulse width modulation method.	3
10.	Control the speed of a DC motor using single-phase half -controlled rectifier. Plot armature voltage versus speed characteristics.	3
	Total	30





#### **III Year VI Semester** 6EE4-21: Power System Lab Credit: 1.5 Max Marks: 100 (IA:60, ETE: 40) End Term Exams: 3 hrs. 0L+0T+3P **Course Outcomes:** Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to: **CO-1:** Create the MATLAB Simulink model of Swing Equation, synchronous and induction machine. **CO-2:** Draw the responses of the synchronous machine with the PSS and excitation system. CO-3: Demonstrate the Single Machine Infinite Bus (SMIB) system by writing a script in MATLAB. **CO-4:** Simulate models of wind power system and solar PV system. S. **List of Experiments** Hours No. 1. Simulate Swing Equation in MATLAB Simulink and get its responses under 3 different disturbance conditions. 3 2. Model and simulate the Synchronous Machine and draw its outputs. 3. Model and simulate the Induction Doubly fed induction generator (DFIG) and 3 obtain its outputs. 4. Modeling and simulation of Synchronous Machine with PSS. 3 5. Modeling and simulation of Synchronous Machine with excitation system. 3 Write a script in MATLAB to simulate the Single Machine Infinite Bus (SMIB) 6. 3 system. Write a script in MATLAB to simulate the wind power generation system. 7. 3 Model and simulate the solar PV system. Verify the responses by writing a script 8. 3 in MATLAB. 9. Study the operation of micro-controller based over current relay in DMT type 3 and IDMT type. Study the micro-controller based under voltage relay and Over Voltage Relay. 10. 3 Total 30